

# Package ‘bundle’

May 12, 2024

**Type** Package

**Title** An R package for the Bayesian analysis of differential subcellular localisation experiments

**Version** 1.8.0

**Description** The Bundle package enables the analysis and visualisation of differential localisation experiments using mass-spectrometry data. Experimental methods supported include dynamic LOPIT-DC, hyperLOPIT, Dynamic Organellar Maps, Dynamic PCP. It provides Bioconductor infrastructure to analyse these data.

**License** Artistic-2.0

**Encoding** UTF-8

**Depends** R (>= 4.1), S4Vectors, Biobase, MSnbase, pRoloc

**Imports** Rcpp (>= 1.0.4.6), pRolocdata, lbfgs, ggplot2, dplyr, plyr, knitr, methods, BiocParallel, robustbase, BiocStyle, ggalluvial, ggrepel, tidyr, circlize, graphics, stats, utils, grDevices, rlang

**Suggests** coda (>= 0.19-4), testthat, interp, fields, pheatmap, viridis, rmarkdown, spelling

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**LinkingTo** Rcpp, RcppArmadillo, BH

**Roxygen** list(markdown=TRUE)

**RoxygenNote** 7.2.0

**biocViews** Bayesian, Classification, Clustering, ImmunoOncology, QualityControl,DataImport, Proteomics, MassSpectrometry

**BugReports** <https://github.com/ococrook/bundle/issues>

**URL** <http://github.com/ococrook/bundle>

**Language** en-US

**git\_url** <https://git.bioconductor.org/packages/bundle>

**git\_branch** RELEASE\_3\_19

**git\_last\_commit** 4ff13d5

**git\_last\_commit\_date** 2024-04-30

**Repository** Bioconductor 3.19

**Date/Publication** 2024-05-12

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|                |  |
|----------------|--|
| bundle-package | <i>An R package for the Bayesian analysis of differential subcellular localisation experiments</i> |
|----------------|--|

---

## Description

The Bundle package enables the analysis and visualisation of differential localisation experiments using mass-spectrometry data. Experimental methods supported include dynamic LOPIT-DC, hyperLOPIT, Dynamic Organellar Maps, Dynamic PCP. It provides Bioconductor infrastructure to analyse these data.

## Details

The DESCRIPTION file: This package was not yet installed at build time.

Index: This package was not yet installed at build time.

~~ An overview of how to use the package, including the most important functions ~~

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## References

~~ Literature or other references for background information ~~

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bundle

*Differential localisation experiments using the bundle method*

---

## Description

These function implement the bundle model for dynamic mass spectrometry based spatial proteomics datasets using MCMC for inference

These functions implement the bundle model for dynamic mass spectrometry based spatial proteomics datasets using MCMC for inference, this is an internal sampling function

## Usage

```
bundle(  
  objectCond1,  
  objectCond2,  
  fcol = "markers",  
  hyperLearn = "LBFGS",  
  numIter = 1000,  
  burnin = 100L,  
  thin = 5L,  
  u = 2,  
  v = 10,  
  lambda = 1,  
  gpParams = NULL,  
  hyperIter = 20,  
  hyperMean = c(0, 0, 0),  
  hyperSd = c(1, 1, 1),  
  seed = NULL,  
  pg = FALSE,  
  pgPrior = NULL,
```

```

    tau = 0.2,
    dirPrior = NULL,
    maternCov = TRUE,
    PC = TRUE,
    pcPrior = matrix(c(0.5, 3, 100), nrow = 1),
    nu = 2,
    propSd = c(0.3, 0.1, 0.05),
    numChains = 4L,
    BPPARAM = BiocParallel::bpparam()
)

diffLoc(
  objectCond1,
  objectCond2,
  fcol = "markers",
  hyperLearn = "MH",
  numIter = 1000,
  burnin = 100L,
  thin = 5L,
  u = 2,
  v = 10,
  lambda = 1,
  gpParams = NULL,
  hyperIter = 20,
  hyperMean = c(0, 0, 0),
  hyperSd = c(1, 1, 1),
  seed = NULL,
  pg = TRUE,
  pgPrior = NULL,
  tau = 0.2,
  dirPrior = NULL,
  maternCov = TRUE,
  PC = TRUE,
  nu = 2,
  pcPrior = NULL,
  propSd = c(0.3, 0.1, 0.05)
)

```

### Arguments

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| objectCond1 | A list of <code>MSnbase::MSnSets</code> where each is an experimental replicate for the first condition, usually a control                   |
| objectCond2 | A list of <code>MSnbase::MSnSets</code> where each is an experimental replicate for the second condition, usually a treatment                |
| fcol        | The feature meta-data containing marker definitions. Default is markers  |
| hyperLearn  | Algorithm to learn posterior hyperparameters of the Gaussian processes. Default is LBFGS and MH for metropolis-hastings is also implemented. |

|           |  |
|-----------|--|
| numIter   | The number of iterations of the MCMC algorithm. Default is 1000. Though usually much larger numbers are used   |
| burnin    | The number of samples to be discarded from the beginning of the chain. Default is 100.   |
| thin      | The thinning frequency to be applied to the MCMC chain. Default is 5.  |
| u         | The prior shape parameter for Beta(u, v). Default is 2   |
| v         | The prior shape parameter for Beta(u, v). Default is 10.   |
| lambda    | Controls the variance of the outlier component. Default is 1.  |
| gpParams  | Object of class gpParams. parameters from prior fitting of GPs to each niche to accelerate inference. Default is NULL.   |
| hyperIter | The frequency of MCMC iteration to update the hyper-parameters default is 20   |
| hyperMean | The prior mean of the log normal prior of the GP parameters. Default is 0 for each. Order is length-scale, amplitude and noise variance  |
| hyperSd   | The prior standard deviation of the log normal prior for the GP parameters. Default is 1 for each. Order is length-scale, amplitude and noise variance.  |
| seed      | The random number seed.  |
| pg        | logical indicating whether to use poly-gamma prior. Default is FALSE.  |
| pgPrior   | A matrix generated by pgPrior function. If param pg is TRUE but pgPrior is NULL then a pgPrior is generated on the fly.  |
| tau       | The tau parameter for the poly-gamma prior (is used). Defaults to 0.2  |
| dirPrior  | A matrix generated by dirPrior function. Default is NULL and dirPrior is generated on the fly.   |
| maternCov | logical indicated whether to use a matern or gaussian covariance. Default is True and matern covariance is used  |
| PC        | logical indicating whether to use a penalised complexity prior. Default is TRUE.   |
| pcPrior   | matrix with 3 columns indicating the lambda parameters for the penalised complexity prior. Default is null which internally sets the penalised complexity prior to $c(0.5, 3, 100)$ for each organelle and the order is length-scale, amplitude and variance. See vignette for more details. |
| nu        | integer indicating the smoothness of the matern prior. Default is 2.   |
| propSd    | If MH is used to learn posterior hyperparameters then the proposal standard deviations. A Gaussian random-walk proposal is used.   |
| numChains | integer indicating the number of parallel chains to run. Defaults to 4.  |
| BPPARAM   | BiocParallel parameter. Defaults to machine default backend using bpparam()  |

## Details

The `bundle` function generate the sample from the posterior distributions (object or class `bundleParams`) based on an annotated quantitative spatial proteomics datasets (object of class `MSnbase::MSnSet`). Both are then passed to the `bundlePredict` function to predict the sub-cellular localisation and compute the differential localisation probability of proteins. See the vignette for examples

The `diffloc` function generate the sample from the posterior distributions (object or class `bundleParam`) based on an annotated quantitative spatial proteomics datasets (object of class `MSnbase::MSnSet`). Both are then passed to the `bundlePredict` function to predict the sub-cellular localisation and compute the differential localisation probability of proteins. See the vignette for examples

### Value

`bundle` returns an instance of class `bundleParams`

`bundle` returns an instance of class `bundleParams`

### Examples

```
library(pRolocdata)
data("tan2009r1")
set.seed(1)
tansim <- sim_dynamic(object = tan2009r1,
                      numRep = 6L,
                      numDyn = 100L)

gpParams <- lapply(tansim$lopitrep, function(x)
  fitGPmaternPC(x, hyppar = matrix(c(0.5, 1, 100), nrow = 1)))
d1 <- tansim$lopitrep
control1 <- d1[1:3]
treatment1 <- d1[4:6]
mcmc1 <- bundle(objectCond1 = control1,
               objectCond2 = treatment1, gpParams = gpParams,
               fcol = "markers", numIter = 5L, burnin = 1L, thin = 2L,
               numChains = 1, BPPARAM = SerialParam(RNGseed = 1))

library(pRolocdata)
data("tan2009r1")
set.seed(1)
tansim <- sim_dynamic(object = tan2009r1,
                      numRep = 6L,
                      numDyn = 100L)
gpParams <- lapply(tansim$lopitrep,
  function(x) fitGPmaternPC(x, hyppar = matrix(c(0.5, 1, 100), nrow = 1)))
d1 <- tansim$lopitrep
control1 <- d1[1:3]
treatment1 <- d1[4:6]
mcmc1 <- diffLoc(objectCond1 = control1, objectCond2 = treatment1, gpParams = gpParams,
                 fcol = "markers", numIter = 5L, burnin = 1L, thin = 2L)
```

---

bundleChains-class

*Infrastructure to store and process MCMC results*

---

### Description

The `bundleParams` infrastructure is used to store and process MCMC results for bundle model from Crook et al 2021

**Usage**

```
chains(object)

## S4 method for signature 'bundleParams'
show(object)

## S4 method for signature 'nicheParam'
show(object)

## S4 method for signature 'bundleChain'
show(object)

## S4 method for signature 'bundleChains'
length(x)

## S4 method for signature 'bundleParams'
length(x)

## S4 method for signature 'bundleSummaries'
length(x)

## S4 method for signature 'nicheParams'
length(x)

## S4 method for signature 'nicheParams'
length(x)

posteriorEstimates(object)

## S4 method for signature 'bundleSummary'
posteriorEstimates(object)

summaries(object)

params(object)

bundleJoint(object)

## S4 method for signature 'bundleSummary'
bundleJoint(object)

## S4 method for signature 'bundleChains,ANY,ANY'
x[[i, j = "missing", drop = "missing"]]

## S4 method for signature 'bundleParams,ANY,ANY'
x[[i, j = "missing", drop = "missing"]]

## S4 method for signature 'bundleChains,ANY,ANY,ANY'
```

```

x[i, j = "missing", drop = "missing"]

## S4 method for signature 'bundleParams,ANY,ANY,ANY'
x[i, j = "missing", drop = "missing"]

## S4 method for signature 'bundleChains'
show(object)

## S4 method for signature 'bundleSummaries'
show(object)

## S4 method for signature 'bundleSummaries,ANY,ANY'
x[[i, j = "missing", drop = "missing"]]

## S4 method for signature 'bundleSummaries,ANY,ANY'
x[[i, j = "missing", drop = "missing"]]

## S4 method for signature 'bundleSummaries,ANY,ANY,ANY'
x[i, j = "missing", drop = "missing"]

## S4 method for signature 'nicheParams,ANY,ANY'
x[[i, j = "missing", drop = "missing"]]

## S4 method for signature 'nicheParams,ANY,ANY'
x[[i, j = "missing", drop = "missing"]]

## S4 method for signature 'nicheParams,ANY,ANY,ANY'
x[i, j = "missing", drop = "missing"]

## S4 method for signature 'nicheParams'
show(object)

```

### Arguments

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| object | object of class nicheParams.                |
| x      | Object to be subset.                        |
| i      | An integer(). Should be of length 1 for []. |
| j      | Missing.                                    |
| drop   | Missing.                                    |

### Details

Objects of the bundleParams class are created with the bundle() function. These objects store the *priors* for the model and the results of the MCMC chains, which themselves are stored as an instance of class bundleChains and can be accessed with the chains() function. A summary of the bundleChains (or class bundleSummary) can be further computed with the bundleProcess function.

see the *bundle* vignette for examples



**Value**

An object of class `bundleParams` which stores the main results for the analysis when using `bundle`

**Slots**

`chains` `list()` containing the individual full MCMC chain results in an `bundleChains` instance.

Each element must be a valid `bundleChain` instance.

`posteriorEstimates` A `DataFrame` documenting the posteriors in an `bundleSummary` instance

`diagnostics` A matrix of dimensions 1 by 2 containing the `bundleSummary` diagnostics.

`bundle.joint` A matrix of dimensions N by K storing the joint probability in an `bundleSummary` instance for each of the first condition

`chains` `list()` containing the individual `bundle` Summaries for different conditions results in an `bundleSummaries` instance. Each element must be a valid `bundleSummary` instance.

`method` A `character()` storing the `bundle` method name

`priors` A `list()` with the priors for the parameters

`seed` An `integer()` with the random number generation seed.

`summary` Object of class `bundleSummary` the summarised MCMC results available in the `bundleParams` instance.

`chains` Object of class `bundleChains` containing the full MCMC results in the `bundleParams` instance

`dataset` `character` indicating which dataset i.e control or treatment

`replicate` `integer` an integer indicating which replicate

`K` `integer(1)` indicating the number of components.

`D` `integer(1)` indicating the number of samples.

`method` `character(1)` defining the method used. Currently `bundle`

`mk` `matrix(K, D)`

`lambdak` `numeric(K)`

`nuk` `numeric(K)`

`sk` `array(K, D, D)`

`params` `list()` containing the individual `nicheParam` objects results in an `bundleParams` instance. Each element must be a valid `bundleParam` instance.

`dataset` `character` indicating the dataset usually control or treatment

`replicate` `integer` indicating the number of dataset replicate

`n` `integer(1)` indicating the number of MCMC interactions. Stored in an `bundleChain` instance.

`K` `integer(1)` indicating the number of components. Stored in an `bundleChain` instance.

`N` `integer(1)` indicating the number of proteins. Stored in an `bundleChain` instance.

`niche` `matrix(N, n)` component allocation results of an `bundleChain` instance.

`nicheProb` `matrix(N, n, K)` component allocation probabilities of an `bundleChain` instance.

`outlier` `matrix(N, n)` outlier allocation results.

`outlierProb` `matrix(N, n, 2)` outlier allocation probabilities of an `bundleChain` instance.

---

|               |  |
|---------------|--|
| bundlePredict | <i>Make predictions from a bundle analysis</i> |
|---------------|--|

---

## Description

Make predictions from a bundle analysis

## Usage

```
bundlePredict(objectCond1, objectCond2, params, fcol = "markers")
```

## Arguments

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| objectCond1 | A list of instances of class <code>MSnbase::MSnSets</code> where each is an experimental replicate for the first condition, usually a control   |
| objectCond2 | A list of instance of class <code>MSnbase::MSnSets</code> where each is an experimental replicate for the second condition, usually a treatment |
| params      | An instance of class <code>bundleParams</code> , as generated by <code>bundle()</code> .  |
| fcol        | A feature column indicating the markers. Defaults to "markers"  |

## Value

`bundlePredict` returns an instance of class `MSnbase::MSnSet` containing the localisation predictions as a new `bundle.allocation` feature variable. The allocation probability is encoded as `bundle.probability` (corresponding to the mean of the distribution probability). In addition the upper and lower quantiles of the allocation probability distribution are available as `bundle.probability.lowerquantile` and `bundle.probability.upperquantile` feature variables. The Shannon entropy is available in the `bundle.mean.shannon` feature variable, measuring the uncertainty in the allocations (a high value representing high uncertainty; the highest value is the natural logarithm of the number of classes). An additional variable indicating the differential localization probability is also added as `bundle.differential.localisation`

## Examples

```
library(pRolocdata)
data("tan2009r1")
set.seed(1)
tansim <- sim_dynamic(object = tan2009r1,
                      numRep = 6L,
                      numDyn = 100L)
gpParams <- lapply(tansim$lopitrep, function(x)
  fitGPmaternPC(x, hyppar = matrix(c(0.5, 1, 100), nrow = 1)))
d1 <- tansim$lopitrep
control1 <- d1[1:3]
treatment1 <- d1[4:6]
mcmc1 <- bundle(objectCond1 = control1, objectCond2 = treatment1, gpParams = gpParams,
               fcol = "markers", numIter = 5L, burnin = 1L, thin = 2L,
```

```
                                numChains = 1, BPPARAM = SerialParam(RNGseed = 1))
mcmc1 <- bundleProcess(mcmc1)
out <- bundlePredict(objectCond1 = control1, objectCond2 = treatment1, params = mcmc1)
```

---

|               |                               |
|---------------|-------------------------------|
| bundleProcess | <i>process bundle results</i> |
|---------------|-------------------------------|

---

## Description

process bundle results

## Usage

```
bundleProcess(params)
```

## Arguments

params            An object of class bundleParams

## Value

bundleProcess returns an instance of class bundleParams with its summary slot populated.

## Examples

```
library(pRocdata)
data("tan2009r1")
set.seed(1)
tansim <- sim_dynamic(object = tan2009r1,
                      numRep = 6L,
                      numDyn = 100L)
gpParams <- lapply(tansim$lopitrep, function(x)
  fitGPmaternPC(x, hyppar = matrix(c(0.5, 1, 100), nrow = 1)))
d1 <- tansim$lopitrep
control1 <- d1[1:3]
treatment1 <- d1[4:6]
mcmc1 <- bundle(objectCond1 = control1, objectCond2 = treatment1, gpParams = gpParams,
                fcol = "markers", numIter = 5L, burnin = 1L, thin = 2L,
                numChains = 1, BPPARAM = SerialParam(RNGseed = 1))
mcmc1 <- bundleProcess(mcmc1)
```

---

besselK\_boost

*bessel function of the second kind from boost library*


---

**Description**

Leapfrog routine

Leapfrog routine

**Usage**

besselK\_boost(x, v)

besselK(x, v)

matern(nu, a, rho, tau, D)

trenchDetcpp(c)

trenchInvcpp(v)

loglikeGPCpp(Y, Z, A, logcovDet, sigmak, nk, D, Y2)

likelihoodGPCpp(Xk, tau, h, nk, D, materncov = 0L, nu = 2)

gradientrhomatern(Y, drvrhomatern, nk, D, Z, A, sigmak)

gradientamatern(Y, amatern, nk, D, Z, A, sigmak)

gradientGPCppmatern(Xk, tau, h, nk, D, nu)

LeapfrogGPCppPC(Xk, lambda, tau, p, x, m, nk, D, L, delta, nu)

sampleGPmeanmaterncpp(Xk, tau, h, nk, D, nu)

makeComponent(X, BX, Y, BY, j)

sampleGPmeancpp(Xk, tau, h, nk, D)

normalisedData(Xknown, BX, Xunknown, BXun, hypers, nk, tau, D, j)

normalisedDatamatern(Xknown, BX, Xunknown, BXun, hypers, nk, tau, D, j, nu)

centeredDatamatern(Xknown, BX, Xunknown, BXun, hypers, nk, tau, D, K, nu)

componentloglike(centereddata, sigmak)

```

comploglike(centereddata, sigmak)
comploglikelist(centereddata, sigmak)
sampleDirichlet(numSamples, alpha)
sampleOutliercpp(allocoutlierprob)
sampleAllocpp(allocprob)
centeredData(Xknown, BX, Xunknown, BXun, hypers, nk, tau, D, K)
mahaInt(X, mu, sigma, isChol = FALSE)
dmvtInt(X, mu, cholDec, log, df)
dmvtCpp(X_, mu_, sigma_, df_, log_, isChol_)
gradientGPcpp(Xk, tau, h, nk, D)
LeapfrogGPcpp(Xk, tau, p, x, m, nk, D, L, delta)
rcpp_pgdraw(b, c)

```

### Arguments

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| x         | position  |
| v         | argument of trench algorithm                                      |
| nu        | smoothness parameter of matern covariance                         |
| a         | amplitude   |
| rho       | length-scale  |
| tau       | indexing term   |
| D         | number of samples   |
| c         | parameter of PG distribution                                      |
| Y         | pointer to data to be subset. X and Y will be joined              |
| Z         | special matrix from trench algorithm (see Crook et al arxiv 2019) |
| A         | special matrix from trench algorithm (see Crook et al arxiv 2019) |
| logcovDet | log determine of the covariancematrix                             |
| sigmak    | variance term   |
| nk        | number of observations  |
| Y2        | vectorised data (see Crook et al arxiv 2019)                      |
| Xk        | The data  |
| h         | vector of hyperparamters  |

|                  |  |
|------------------|--|
| materncov        | logical indicating whether to use matern or gaussian covariance. Defaults to Guassian covariance |
| drvrrhomatern    | deterivate of matern covariance wrt to rho   |
| amatern          | deterivate of matern covariance wrt to amplitude   |
| lambda           | parameters of penalised complexity prior   |
| p                | momentum   |
| m                | mass   |
| L                | iterations   |
| delta            | stepsize   |
| X                | data   |
| BX               | indexing set to make component   |
| BY               | pointer to subsetting matrix   |
| j                | indicator of localisations i.e. niche j  |
| Xknown           | data with known localisations  |
| Xunknown         | data with unknown localisations  |
| BXun             | indexing set for unknown localisations   |
| hypers           | vector of hyperparameters  |
| K                | number of components   |
| centereddata     | pointer to centered data   |
| numSamples       | The number of samples desired  |
| alpha            | The concentration parameter  |
| allocoutlierprob | The probabilities of being allocated to the outlier component                                    |
| allocprob        | probability of being allocated to particular component   |
| mu               | mean   |
| sigma            | variance matrix  |
| isChol           | boolean indicated whether sigma is cholesky decomposition  |
| cholDec          | Cholesky decomposition of variance matrix  |
| log              | boolean of log density   |
| df               | degrees of freedom for t distribution  |
| X_               | the data   |
| mu_              | the mean   |
| sigma_           | the variance matrix  |
| df_              | the degrees of freedom   |
| log_             | return log density (boolean).  |
| isChol_          | is variance matrix in cholesky decomposition   |
| b                | parameter of PG distribution   |

**Value**

A numeric indicating the density of the t-distribution

**Examples**

```
dmvtCpp(diag(1,1,1), 1, diag(1,1,1), 1, TRUE, TRUE)
```

---

diffLocalisationProb *Compute differential localisation probabilities from ms-based experiments using the bundle method*

---

**Description**

These functions implement helper functions for the bundle method

**Usage**

```
diffLocalisationProb(params)
```

```
bootstrapdiffLocprob(params, top = 20, Bootsample = 5000, decreasing = TRUE)
```

```
binomialDiffLocProb(params, top = 20, nsample = 5000, decreasing = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| params     | An instance of bundleParams   |
| top        | The number of proteins for which to sample from the binomial distribution |
| Bootsample | Number of Bootstrap samples. Default is 5000                              |
| decreasing | Starting at protein most likely to be differentially localization         |
| nsample    | how many samples to return from the binomial distribution                 |

**Value**

returns a named vector of differential localisation probabilities

returns a matrix of size Bootsample \* top containing bootstrap

returns a list containing empirical binomial samples

**Examples**

```

library(pRolocdata)
data("tan2009r1")
set.seed(1)
tansim <- sim_dynamic(object = tan2009r1,
                      numRep = 6L,
                      numDyn = 100L)
gpParams <- lapply(tansim$lopitrep, function(x)
  fitGPmaternPC(x, hyppar = matrix(c(0.5, 1, 100), nrow = 1)))
d1 <- tansim$lopitrep
control1 <- d1[1:3]
treatment1 <- d1[4:6]
mcmc1 <- bundle(objectCond1 = control1, objectCond2 = treatment1, gpParams = gpParams,
               fcol = "markers", numIter = 10L, burnin = 1L, thin = 2L,
               numChains = 1, BPPARAM = SerialParam(RNGseed = 1))

mcmc1 <- bundleProcess(mcmc1)
dp <- diffLocalisationProb(mcmc1)

library(pRolocdata)
data("tan2009r1")
set.seed(1)
tansim <- sim_dynamic(object = tan2009r1,
                      numRep = 6L,
                      numDyn = 100L)
gpParams <- lapply(tansim$lopitrep,
  function(x) fitGPmaternPC(x, hyppar = matrix(c(0.5, 1, 100), nrow = 1)))
d1 <- tansim$lopitrep
control1 <- d1[1:3]
treatment1 <- d1[4:6]
mcmc1 <- bundle(objectCond1 = control1, objectCond2 = treatment1, gpParams = gpParams,
               fcol = "markers", numIter = 10L, burnin = 1L, thin = 2L,
               numChains = 1, BPPARAM = SerialParam(RNGseed = 1))

mcmc1 <- bundleProcess(mcmc1)
bdp <- bootstrapdiffLocprob(mcmc1)
library(pRolocdata)
data("tan2009r1")
set.seed(1)
tansim <- sim_dynamic(object = tan2009r1,
                      numRep = 6L,
                      numDyn = 100L)
gpParams <- lapply(tansim$lopitrep,
  function(x) fitGPmaternPC(x, hyppar = matrix(c(0.5, 1, 100), nrow = 1)))
d1 <- tansim$lopitrep
control1 <- d1[1:3]
treatment1 <- d1[4:6]
mcmc1 <- bundle(objectCond1 = control1, objectCond2 = treatment1, gpParams = gpParams,
               fcol = "markers", numIter = 10L, burnin = 1L, thin = 2L,
               numChains = 1, BPPARAM = SerialParam(RNGseed = 1))

mcmc1 <- bundleProcess(mcmc1)
dp <- binomialDiffLocProb(mcmc1)

```



---

**EFDR***Compute the expected False Discovery Rate*

---

**Description**

The EFDR for a given threshold is equal to the sum over all proteins that exceed that threshold of one minus the posterior probability of differential localisations, divided by the total number of proteins with probabilities of differential localisation greater than that threshold.

**Usage**

```
EFDR(prob, threshold = 0.9)
```

**Arguments**

|           |  |
|-----------|--|
| prob      | A numeric indicating probabilities of differential localisation      |
| threshold | A numeric indicating the probability threshold. The default is 0.90. |

**Value**

The expected false discovery rate for a given threshold

**Examples**

```
library(pRolocdata)
data("tan2009r1")
set.seed(1)
tansim <- sim_dynamic(object = tan2009r1,
                      numRep = 6L,
                      numDyn = 100L)
gpParams <- lapply(tansim$lopitrep, function(x)
  fitGPmaternPC(x, hyppar = matrix(c(0.5, 1, 100), nrow = 1)))
d1 <- tansim$lopitrep
control1 <- d1[1:3]
treatment1 <- d1[4:6]
mcmc1 <- bundle(objectCond1 = control1, objectCond2 = treatment1, gpParams = gpParams,
               fcol = "markers", numIter = 10L, burnin = 1L, thin = 2L,
               numChains = 1, BPPARAM = SerialParam(RNGseed = 1))

mcmc1 <- bundleProcess(mcmc1)
dp <- diffLocalisationProb(mcmc1)
EFDR(dp, threshold = 0.5)
```

fitGP

*Fit a Gaussian process to spatial proteomics data***Description**

The `fitGP` function is a helper function to fit GPs with squared exponential co-variances, maximum marginal likelihood

The `fitGPmaternPC` function is a helper function to fit matern GPs to data with penalised complexity priors on the hyperparameters.

The `fitGPmatern` function fits matern GPs to data.

The `plotGPmatern` function plots matern GPs

**Usage**

```
fitGP(object = object, fcol = "markers")
```

```
fitGPmaternPC(
  object = object,
  fcol = "markers",
  materncov = TRUE,
  nu = 2,
  hyppar = matrix(c(10, 60, 250), nrow = 1)
)
```

```
fitGPmatern(object = object, fcol = "markers", materncov = TRUE, nu = 2)
```

```
plotGPmatern(object = object, params = params, fcol = "markers")
```

**Arguments**

|                        |  |
|------------------------|--|
| <code>object</code>    | A instance of class <code>MSnSet</code>  |
| <code>fcol</code>      | feature column to indicate markers. Default is "markers".  |
| <code>materncov</code> | logical indicating whether matern covariance is used.  |
| <code>nu</code>        | matern smoothness parameter. Default is 2.   |
| <code>hyppar</code>    | The vector of penalised complexity hyperparameters, you must provide a matrix with 3 columns and 1 row. The order is hyperparameters on length-scale, amplitude, variance. |
| <code>params</code>    | The output of running <code>fitGPmatern</code> , <code>fitGPmaternPC</code> or <code>fitGP</code> which is of class <code>gpParams</code>                                  |

**Details**

This set of functions allow users to fit GPs to their data. The `fitGPmaternPC` function allows users to pass a vector of penalised complexity hyperparameters using the `hyppar` argument. You must provide a matrix with 3 columns and 1 row. The order of these 3 columns represent the

hyperparameters length-scale, amplitude, variance. We have found that the `matrix(c(10, 60, 250), nrow = 1)` worked well for the spatial proteomics datasets tested in Crook et al (2021). This was visually assessed by passing these values and visualising the GP fit using the `plotGPmatern` function (please see vignette for an example of the output). Generally, (1) increasing the lengthscale parameter (the first column of the hyppar matrix) increases the spread of the covariance i.e. the similarity between points, (2) increasing the amplitude parameter (the second column of the hyppar matrix) increases the maximum value of the covariance and lastly (3) decreasing the variance (third column of the hyppar matrix) reduces the smoothness of the function to allow for local variations. We strongly recommend users start with the recommended parameters and change and assess them as necessary for their dataset by visually evaluating the fit of the GPs using the `plotGPmatern` function. Please see the vignettes for more details and examples.

## Value

Returns an object of class `gpParams` which stores the posterior predictive means, standard deviations, variances and also the MAP hyperparameters for the GP.

The functions `plotGPmatern` plot the posterior predictives overlaid with the markers for each subcellular class.

## Examples

```
library(pRolocdata)
data("tan2009r1")
set.seed(1)
tansim <- sim_dynamic(object = tan2009r1,
                      numRep = 6L,
                      numDyn = 100L)
gpParams <- lapply(tansim$lopitrep, function(x) fitGP(x))

## ===== fitGPmaternPC =====
library(pRolocdata)
data("tan2009r1")
set.seed(1)
tansim <- sim_dynamic(object = tan2009r1,
                      numRep = 6L,
                      numDyn = 100L)
## Please note that hyppar should be chosen carefully and tested
## by checking the GP fit with the plotGPmatern function
## (please see details above)
gpParams <- lapply(tansim$lopitrep,
function(x) fitGPmaternPC(x, hyppar = matrix(c(10, 60, 100), nrow = 1)))

## ===== fitGPmatern =====
library(pRolocdata)
data("tan2009r1")
set.seed(1)
tansim <- sim_dynamic(object = tan2009r1,
                      numRep = 6L,
                      numDyn = 100L)
gpParams <- lapply(tansim$lopitrep, function(x) fitGPmaternPC(x))
```

```
## ===== plotGPmatern =====
## generate example data
library(pRolocdata)
data("tan2009r1")
set.seed(1)
tansim <- sim_dynamic(object = tan2009r1,
                      numRep = 6L,
                      numDyn = 100L)

## fit a GP
gpParams <- lapply(tansim$lopitrep, function(x) fitGP(x))

## Overlay posterior predictives onto profiles
## Dataset1 1
par(mfrow = c(2, 3))
plotGPmatern(tansim$lopitrep[[1]], gpParams[[1]])

## Dataset 2, etc.
par(mfrow = c(2, 3))
plotGPmatern(tansim$lopitrep[[2]], gpParams[[2]])
```

---

gpParams-class

*Container for GP results*


---

## Description

The gpParams infrastructure is used to store and process the GP results for output from using the fitGP functions in bundle

## Details

Objects of the gpParams class are created with the fitGP, fitGPmaternPC or fitGPmatern functions

These objects a list of posterior predictive means and standard deviations. As well as maximum marginal likelihood for the GP

## Slots

method character indicating the GP method used

M A list of the posterior predictive means for each K components of GPs fitted to the data

sigma A numeric of length K standard deviations fitted to the data

V A list of the variance fitted to the data

params A matrix array of the MAP hyperparameters for the GP

---

|            |                            |
|------------|----------------------------|
| gradientGP | <i>Compute GP gradient</i> |
|------------|----------------------------|

---

**Description**

Internal R function to pass R to C++, not for external use.

Internal R function to pass R to C++, not for external use.

Function to perform Metropolis-Hastings for GP hyperparameters with different priors

**Usage**

```
gradientGP(Xk, tau, h, nk, D)
```

```
gradientGPmatern(Xk, tau, h, nk, D, materncov, nu)
```

```
posteriorgradientGPmatern(Xk, tau, h, nk, D, materncov, nu, hyppar)
```

```
gradientlogprior(h, hyppar)
```

```
likelihoodGP(Xk, tau, h, nk, D)
```

```
likelihoodGPmatern(Xk, tau, h, nk, D, materncov, nu)
```

```
posteriorGPmatern(Xk, tau, h, nk, D, materncov, nu, hyppar)
```

```
Gumbel(x, lambda, log = TRUE)
```

```
PCrhomvar(rho, a, lambda1, lambda2, log = TRUE)
```

```
metropolisGP(  
  inith,  
  X,  
  tau,  
  nk,  
  D,  
  niter,  
  hyperMean = c(0, 0, 0),  
  hyperSd = c(1, 1, 1)  
)
```

```
metropolisGPmatern(  
  inith,  
  X,  
  tau,  
  nk,  
  D,
```

```

    niter,
    nu = 2,
    hyppar = c(1, 1, 1),
    propSd = c(0.3, 0.1, 0.1)
)

Gumbel(x, lambda, log = TRUE)

PCrhomvar(rho, a, lambda1, lambda2, log = TRUE)

```

### Arguments

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| Xk        | The data  |
| tau       | The indexing parameters   |
| h         | GP hyperparameters  |
| nk        | Number of observations  |
| D         | number of samples   |
| materncov | logical indicating whether matern covariance is used  |
| nu        | Smoothness of the matern covariance   |
| hyppar    | A vector indicating the penalised complexity prior hyperparameters. Default is c(1,1,1)                       |
| x         | observation   |
| lambda    | scale parameter of the type-2 Gumbel distribution   |
| log       | logical indicating whether to return log. Default is TRUE   |
| rho       | length-scale parameter  |
| a         | amplitude   |
| lambda1   | first parameter of distribution   |
| lambda2   | second parameter of distribution  |
| inith     | initial hyperparamters  |
| X         | The data  |
| niter     | Number of MH interactions   |
| hyperMean | A vector indicating the log-normal means. Default is c(0,0,0).  |
| hyperSd   | A vector indicating the log-normal standard deviations. Default is c(1,1,1)                                   |
| propSd    | The proposal standard deviation. Default is c(0.3,0.1,0.1). Do not change unless you know what you are doing. |

### Value

Returns gp gradient

Returns gp gradient

Returns the gradient of the posterior

return the gradient of the log prior, length-scale, amplitude and noise

Returns gp negative log likelihood  
 Returns gp negative log likelihood  
 Returns the negative log posterior of the GP  
 Returns the likelihood of the type-2 GUmberl distribution  
 Returns the likelihood of the bivariate penalised complexity prior  
 Returns new hyperparamters and the acceptance rate  
 Returns the likelihood of the type-2 GUmberl distribution  
 Returns the likelihood of the bivariate penalised complexity prior

### Examples

```
Gumbel(3, lambda = 1)
```

---

|         |  |
|---------|--|
| kldirpg | <i>Computes the Kullback-Leibler divergence between Polya-Gamma and Dirichlet priors</i> |
|---------|--|

---

### Description

Computes the Kullback-Leibler divergence between Polya-Gamma and Dirichlet priors  
 Compute the KL divergence between two Dirichlet distributions  
 A function to compute the prior predictive distribution of the Dirichlet prior.  
 A function to compute the prior predictive distribution of the Polya-Gamma prior.

### Usage

```
kldirpg(sigma = diag(1, 1, 1), mu = c(0, 0, 0), alpha = c(1))

kldir(alpha, beta)

prior_pred_dir(object, fcol = "markers", iter = 5000, dirPrior = NULL, q = 15)

prior_pred_pg(
  objectCond1,
  objectCond2,
  fcol = "markers",
  tau = 0.2,
  lambda = 0.01,
  mu_prior = NULL,
  iter = 10000,
  q = 15
)
```

**Arguments**

|                          |   |
|--------------------------|---|
| <code>sigma</code>       | the sigma parameter of the Polya-Gamma prior. A positive-definite symmetric matrix.   |
| <code>mu</code>          | the mu parameter of the Polya-Gamma prior. A vector of means  |
| <code>alpha</code>       | The concentration parameter of the first Dirichlet distribution   |
| <code>beta</code>        | The concentration parameter of the second Dirichlet distribution  |
| <code>object</code>      | An instance of class MSnSet   |
| <code>fcol</code>        | The feature column indicating the markers. Default is "markers"   |
| <code>iter</code>        | Number of sample to use from prior predictive distribution. Default is 10000  |
| <code>dirPrior</code>    | The Dirichlet prior used. If NULL (default) will generate a a default Dirichlet prior. This should be a matrix with the same dimensions as the number of subcellular niches. The diagonal terms correspond to the prior probability of not differentially localising. The (i,j) term corresponds to prior probability of differentially localising between niche i and j. |
| <code>q</code>           | The upper tail value. That is the prior probability of having more than q differential localisations. Default is 15.  |
| <code>objectCond1</code> | An instance of class MSnSet, usually the control dataset  |
| <code>objectCond2</code> | An instance of class MSnSet, usually the treatment dataset  |
| <code>tau</code>         | The tau parameter of the Polya-Gamma prior. Default is 0.2.   |
| <code>lambda</code>      | The lambda ridge parameter used for numerical stability. Default is 0.01  |
| <code>mu_prior</code>    | The mean of the Polya-Gamma prior. Default is NULL which generates a default Polya-Gamma prior.   |

**Value**

returns a numeric indicating the KL divergence

a numeric indicating the KL divergence

A list contain the prior predictive distribution of differential localisations, the mean number of differential localised proteins and the probability than more than q are differentially localised

A list contain the prior predictive distribution of differential localisations, the mean number of differential localised proteins and the probability than more than q are differentially localised

**Examples**

```
kldirpg(sigma = diag(c(1,1,1)), mu = c(0,0,0), alpha = 1)
```

```
kldir(c(1,1), c(3,1))
```

```
library(pRolocdata)
data("tan2009r1")
```

```
out <- prior_pred_dir(object = tan2009r1)
```

```
library(pRolocdata)
```



```

data("tan2009r1")
set.seed(1)
tansim <- sim_dynamic(object = tan2009r1,
                      numRep = 6L,
                      numDyn = 100L)
d1 <- tansim$lopitrep
control1 <- d1[1:3]
treatment1 <- d1[4:6]
out <- prior_pred_pg(objectCond1 = control1[[1]],
                     objectCond2 = treatment1[[1]])

```

---

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| mcmc_plot_probs | <i>Generate a violin plot showing the probability of protein localisation to different organelles</i> |
|-----------------|---|

---

## Description

These functions implement plotting functions for bundle objects

## Usage

```

mcmc_plot_probs(
  params,
  fname,
  cond = 1,
  n = 1,
  bw = 0.05,
  scale = "width",
  trim = TRUE
)

```

## Arguments

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| params | An instance of class bundleParams   |
| fname  | The name of the protein to plot   |
| cond   | Which conditions do we want to plot. Must be 1 or 2. Default is 1                       |
| n      | The chain from which we plot the probability distribution. Default is 1.                |
| bw     | The bandwidth use in probability distribution smoothing of geom_violin Default is 0.05. |
| scale  | Scaling of geom_violin. Defaults to width.  |
| trim   | trim parameter of geom_violin. Defaults to true.  |

## Value

returns a named vector of differential localisation probabilities

**Examples**

```

library(pRolocdata)
data("tan2009r1")
set.seed(1)
tansim <- sim_dynamic(object = tan2009r1,
                      numRep = 6L,
                      numDyn = 100L)
gpParams <- lapply(tansim$lopitrep, function(x)
  fitGPmaternPC(x, hyppar = matrix(c(0.5, 1, 100), nrow = 1)))
d1 <- tansim$lopitrep
control1 <- d1[1:3]
treatment1 <- d1[4:6]
mcmc1 <- bundle(objectCond1 = control1,
  objectCond2 = treatment1, gpParams = gpParams,
  fcol = "markers", numIter = 5L, burnin = 1L, thin = 2L,
  numChains = 1, BPPARAM = SerialParam(RNGseed = 1))
mcmc_plot_probs(params = mcmc1, fname = rownames(tan2009r1)[1])

```

---

meanOrganelle

*Computes Organelle means and variances using markers*


---

**Description**

Computes Organelle means and variances using markers

**Usage**

```
meanOrganelle(object, fcol = "markers")
```

**Arguments**

|        |  |
|--------|--|
| object | a instance of class MSnset                                   |
| fcol   | a feature column indicating which feature define the markers |

**Value**

returns a list of means and variances for each

**Examples**

```

library(pRolocdata)
data("tan2009r1")
meanOrganelle(object = tan2009r1)

```

---

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| plotConvergence | <i>Generates a histogram of ranks (a rank plot) for convergence</i> |
|-----------------|---|

---

**Description**

Produces a rank plot to analyse convergence of MCMC algorithm

**Usage**

```
plotConvergence(params)
```

**Arguments**

params            An instance of class bundleParams

**Value**

Returns the ranks of the number of outliers in each chain. The side effect returns rank plots. Number of rank plots is equal to the number of chains

**Examples**

```
## Generate some example data
library("pRolocdata")
data("tan2009r1")
set.seed(1)
tansim <- sim_dynamic(object = tan2009r1,
                      numRep = 4L,
                      numDyn = 100L)

data <- tansim$lopitrep
control <- data[1:2]
treatment <- data[3:4]

## fit GP params
gpParams <- lapply(tansim$lopitrep, function(x)
  fitGPmaternPC(x, hyppar = matrix(c(0.5, 1, 100), nrow = 1)))

## run bundle
res <- bundle(objectCond1 = control,
              objectCond2 = treatment,
              gpParams = gpParams,
              fcol = "markers",
              numIter = 5L,
              burnin = 1L,
              thin = 2L,
              numChains = 2,
              BPPARAM = SerialParam(RNGseed = 1),
              seed = 1)

## Process bundle results
```

```

bandleres <- bundleProcess(res)

## Convergence plots
par(mfrow = c(1, 2))
plotConvergence(bandleres)

```

---

|           |  |
|-----------|--|
| plotTable | <i>Generates a table for visualising changes in localisation between two conditions/datasets</i> |
|-----------|--|

---

### Description

Produces a table summarising differential localisation results

### Usage

```
plotTable(params, all = FALSE, fcol)
```

### Arguments

|        |  |
|--------|--|
| params | An instance of class bundleParams or an instance of class MSnSetList of length 2.  |
| all    | A logical specifying whether to count all proteins or only show those that have changed in location between conditions. Default is FALSE.  |
| fcol   | If params is a list of MSnSets. Then fcol must be defined. This is a character vector of length 2 to set different labels for each dataset. If only one label is specified, and the character is of length 1 then this single label will be used to identify the annotation column in both datasets. |

### Value

Returns a summary table of translocations of proteins between conditions.

### Examples

```

## Generate some example data
library("pRolocdata")
data("tan2009r1")
set.seed(1)
tansim <- sim_dynamic(object = tan2009r1,
                      numRep = 4L,
                      numDyn = 100L)

data <- tansim$lopitrep
control <- data[1:2]
treatment <- data[3:4]

## fit GP params
gpParams <- lapply(tansim$lopitrep, function(x)
  fitGPmaternPC(x, hyppar = matrix(c(0.5, 1, 100), nrow = 1)))

```

```
## run bundle
res <- bundle(objectCond1 = control,
              objectCond2 = treatment,
              gpParams = gpParams,
              fcol = "markers",
              numIter = 5L,
              burnin = 1L,
              thin = 2L,
              numChains = 2,
              BPPARAM = SerialParam(RNGseed = 1),
              seed = 1)

## Process bundle results
bandleres <- bundleProcess(res)

## Tabulate results
plotTable(bandleres)
```

---

|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| plotTranslocations | <i>Generates a chord diagram or alluvial plot for visualising changes in localisation between two conditions/datasets</i> |
|--------------------|---|

---

### Description

Produces a chord diagram (circos plot) or an alluvial plot (also known as a Sankey diagram) to show changes in location between two conditions or datasets.

### Usage

```
plotTranslocations(
  params,
  type = "alluvial",
  all = FALSE,
  fcol,
  col,
  labels = TRUE,
  labels.par = "adj",
  cex = 1,
  spacer = 4,
  ...
)
```

### Arguments

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| params | An instance of class <code>bundleParams</code> or an instance of class <code>MSnSetList</code> of length 2. |
| type   | A character specifying the type of visualisation to plot. One of "alluvial" (default) or "chord".           |

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| <code>all</code>        | A logical specifying whether to count all proteins or only show those that have changed in location between conditions. Default is FALSE.  |
| <code>fcol</code>       | If <code>params</code> is a list of <code>MSnSets</code> . Then <code>fcol</code> must be defined. This is a character vector of length 2 to set different labels for each dataset. If only one label is specified, and the character is of length 1 then this single label will be used to identify the annotation column in both datasets. |
| <code>col</code>        | A list of colours to define the classes in the data. If not defined then the default <code>pRoloc</code> colours in <code>getStockCol()</code> are used.   |
| <code>labels</code>     | Logical indicating whether to display class/organelle labels for the chord segments or alluvial stratum. Default is TRUE.  |
| <code>labels.par</code> | If type is "alluvial". Label style can be specified as one of "adj", "repel". Default is "adj".  |
| <code>cex</code>        | Text size. Default is 1.   |
| <code>spacer</code>     | A numeric. Default is 4. Controls the white space around the circos plotting region.   |
| <code>...</code>        | Additional arguments passed to the <code>chordDiagram</code> function.   |

**Value**

Returns a directional circos/chord diagram showing the translocation of proteins between conditions. If type = "alluvial" output is a ggplot object.

**Examples**

```
## Generate some example data
library("pRolocdata")
data("tan2009r1")
set.seed(1)
tansim <- sim_dynamic(object = tan2009r1,
                      numRep = 4L,
                      numDyn = 100L)

data <- tansim$lopitrep
control <- data[1:2]
treatment <- data[3:4]

## fit GP params
gpParams <- lapply(tansim$lopitrep, function(x)
  fitGPmaternPC(x, hyppar = matrix(c(0.5, 1, 100), nrow = 1)))

## run bundle
res <- bundle(objectCond1 = control,
              objectCond2 = treatment,
              gpParams = gpParams,
              fcol = "markers",
              numIter = 5L,
              burnin = 1L,
              thin = 2L,
              numChains = 1,
              BPPARAM = SerialParam(RNGseed = 1),
```

```

        seed = 1)

## Process the results
bandleres <- bundleProcess(res)

## plot the results
plotTranslocations(bandleres)
plotTranslocations(bandleres, type = "chord")

```

---

proteinAllocation      *sample allocations, probabilities and compute loglikilihoods*

---

### Description

Internal sampling function, not for outside use documented for completeness

### Usage

```

proteinAllocation(loglikelihoods, currentweights, alloctemp, cond)

outlierAllocationProbs(
  outlierlikelihood,
  loglikelihoods,
  epsilon,
  alloctemp,
  cond
)

sampleOutlier(allocoutlierprob)

covOrganelle(object, fcol = "markers")

pg_prior(object_cond1, object_cond2, K, pgPrior = NULL, fcol = "markers")

sample_weights_pg(nk_mat, pgPrior, w, K, tau = 0.2)

sample_weights_dir(nk_mat, dirPrior)

```

### Arguments

loglikelihoods    the log likelihoods  
currentweights    the current allocations weights  
alloctemp          the current protein allocations  
cond                the control = 1, treatment = 2  
outlierlikelihood    the outlier log likelihoods

|                  |  |
|------------------|--|
| epsilon          | the outlier component weight   |
| allocoutlierprob | the outlier probabilities  |
| object           | An instance of class MSnSet  |
| fcol             | The feature column containing the markers.                                   |
| object_cond1     | A list of instance of class MSnSets usually control                          |
| object_cond2     | A list of instance of class MSnSets usually treatment                        |
| K                | The number of organelle classes  |
| pgPrior          | The Polya-Gamma prior  |
| nk_mat           | The summary matrix of allocations  |
| w                | The Polya-Gamma auxiliary variable   |
| tau              | The empirical bayes parameter for the Polya-Gamma variable. Defaults to 0.2. |
| dirPrior         | The Dirichlet prior  |

### Value

returns samples for protein allocations, log likelihoods and probabilities

returns outlier probabilities

returns outlier allocations

returns covariance of organelles using marker proteins

returns the Polya-Gamma prior

returns A sample of the weights using Polya-Gamma priors.

returns A sample of the weights using Dirichlet prior.

### Examples

```
library(pRolocdata)
data("tan2009r1")
covOrganelle(object = tan2009r1)

library(pRolocdata)
data("tan2009r1")
set.seed(1)
tansim <- sim_dynamic(object = tan2009r1,
                      numRep = 6L,
                      numDyn = 100L)
d1 <- tansim$lopitrep
control1 <- d1[1:3]
treatment1 <- d1[4:6]
out <- pg_prior(object_cond1 = control1,
                object_cond2 = treatment1, K = 11)
```



---

robustMahalanobis      *robust Mahalanobis distance*

---

### Description

These function implement the MR method of Itzhak et al

### Usage

```
robustMahalanobis(delta)

reprodScore(x, y, method = c("pearson"))

mrMethod(objectCond1, objectCond2, method = "2017")
```

### Arguments

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| delta       | The difference profile to compute the squared mahalanobis distance  |
| x           | Numeric vector to compute reproducibility score   |
| y           | Numeric vector to compute reproducibility score   |
| method      | Correlation method. Default is Pearson  |
| objectCond1 | A list of <code>MSnbase::MSnSets</code> where each is an experimental replicate for the first condition, usually a control    |
| objectCond2 | A list of <code>MSnbase::MSnSets</code> where each is an experimental replicate for the second condition, usually a treatment |

### Value

The squared Mahalanobis distance  
 The R score  
 The MR score of the Itzhak et al. 2016/2017

### Examples

```
## Generate some example data
library("pRolocdata")
data("tan2009r1")
set.seed(1)
tansim <- sim_dynamic(object = tan2009r1,
                     numRep = 4L,
                     numDyn = 100L)

data <- tansim$lopitrep
control <- data[1:2]
treatment <- data[3:4]

## compute delta matrix
```

```

deltaMatrix <- exprs(control[[1]]) - exprs(treatment[[1]])
res <- bundle::robustMahalanobis(deltaMatrix)
##' @examples
## Generate some example data
library("pRolocdata")
data("tan2009r1")
set.seed(1)
tansim <- sim_dynamic(object = tan2009r1,
                      numRep = 4L,
                      numDyn = 100L)

data <- tansim$lopitrep
control <- data[1:2]
treatment <- data[3:4]

## compute delta matrix
deltaMatrix1 <- exprs(control[[1]]) - exprs(treatment[[1]])
deltaMatrix2 <- exprs(control[[2]]) - exprs(treatment[[2]])
mr_score <- bundle::reprodScore(deltaMatrix1, deltaMatrix2)
library(pRolocdata)
data("tan2009r1")
set.seed(1)
tansim <- sim_dynamic(object = tan2009r1,
                      numRep = 6L,
                      numDyn = 100L)

d1 <- tansim$lopitrep
control1 <- d1[1:3]
treatment1 <- d1[4:6]
mr1 <- mrMethod(objectCond1 = control1, objectCond2 = treatment1)
plot(mr1$Mscore, mr1$Rscore, pch = 21,
      xlab = "MScore", ylab = "RScore")

```

---

sim\_dynamic

*Generate a dynamic spatial proteomics experiment*


---

## Description

A function to simulate dynamic spatial proteomics data using a bootstrap method

## Usage

```

sim_dynamic(
  object,
  subsample = NULL,
  knn_par = 10L,
  fcol = "markers",
  numRep = 6L,
  method = "wild",
  batch = FALSE,
  frac_perm = FALSE,

```

```

    nu = 2,
    numDyn = 20L
  )

```

### Arguments

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| object    | A instance of class MSnSet from which to generate a spatial proteomics dataset.   |
| subsample | how many proteins to subsample to speed up analysis. Default is NULL.   |
| knn_par   | the number of nearest neighbours to use in KNN classification to simulate dataset. Default is 10                            |
| fcol      | feature column to indicate markers. Default is "markers". Proteins with unknown localisations must be encoded as "unknown". |
| numRep    | The total number of datasets to generate. Default is 6. An integer must be provided   |
| method    | The bootstrap method to use to simulate dataset. Default is "wild". refer to BUNDLE paper for more details.                 |
| batch     | Whether or not to include batch effects. Default is FALSE.  |
| frac_perm | whether or not to permute the fractions. Default is FALSE   |
| nu        | parameter to generate residual inflated noise. Default is 2. See BUNDLE paper for more details                              |
| numDyn    | An integer number of protein to simulate dynamic transitions. Default is 20   |

### Value

returns simulate dynamic lopit datasets and the name of the relocated protein.

### Examples

```

library(pRolocdata)
data("tan2009r1")
set.seed(1)
tansim <- sim_dynamic(object = tan2009r1, numRep = 6L, numDyn = 100L)

```

---

spatial2D

*Generate a PCA plot with smoothed probability contours*


---

### Description

Generate a PCA plot with smoothed probability contours

**Usage**

```

spatial2D(
  object,
  params,
  fcol = "markers",
  dims = c(1, 2),
  cov.function = NULL,
  theta = 2,
  derivative = 2,
  k = 1,
  cond = 1,
  n = 1,
  breaks = c(0.99, 0.95, 0.9, 0.85, 0.8, 0.75, 0.7),
  aspect = 0.5
)

```

**Arguments**

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| object       | An instance of class MSnSet to provide the pca coordinates                                     |
| params       | An instance of class bundleParams  |
| fcol         | Feature columns that defines the markers. Defaults to "markers".                               |
| dims         | The PCA dimensions to plot. Defaults to c(1, 2)  |
| cov.function | The covariance function for the smoothing kernel. Defaults to wendland.cov                     |
| theta        | The theta parameter of the wendland.cov. Defaults to 2.  |
| derivative   | The derivative paramter of the wendland.cov. Defaults to 2.                                    |
| k            | The k parameter of the wendland.cov  |
| cond         | Which conditions do we want to plot. Must be 1 or 2. Default is 1                              |
| n            | The chain from which we plot the probability distribution. Default is 1.                       |
| breaks       | The levels at which to plot the contours. Defaults to c(0.99, 0.95, 0.9, 0.85, 0.8, 0.75, 0.7) |
| aspect       | The aspect ratio of the pca plots. Defaults to 0.5.  |

**Value**

returns a named vector of differential localisation probabilities

**Examples**

```

## Not run:
## Generate some example data
library("pRolocdata")
data("tan2009r1")
set.seed(1)
tansim <- sim_dynamic(object = tan2009r1,
                      numRep = 4L,
                      numDyn = 100L)

```

```
data <- tansim$lopitrep
control <- data[1:2]
treatment <- data[3:4]

## fit GP params
gpParams <- lapply(tansim$lopitrep, function(x)
  fitGPmaternPC(x, hyppar = matrix(c(0.5, 1, 100), nrow = 1)))

## run bundle
res <- bundle(objectCond1 = control,
  objectCond2 = treatment,
  gpParams = gpParams,
  fcol = "markers",
  numIter = 5L,
  burnin = 1L,
  thin = 2L,
  numChains = 1,
  BPPARAM = SerialParam(RNGseed = 1),
  seed = 1)

## Process the results
bandleres <- bundleProcess(res)

## plot the results
spatial2D(control[[1]], bandleres)

## End(Not run)
```

---

StatStratum

*inherits StatStratum*

---

### **Description**

inherits StatStratum

### **Usage**

StatStratum

### **Format**

An object of class StatStratum (inherits from Stat, ggproto, gg) of length 5.

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